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HONGKONG, MONDAY, MAY 7, 1917

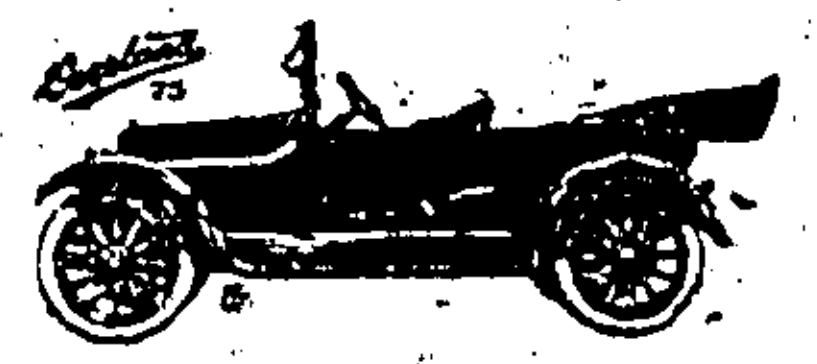
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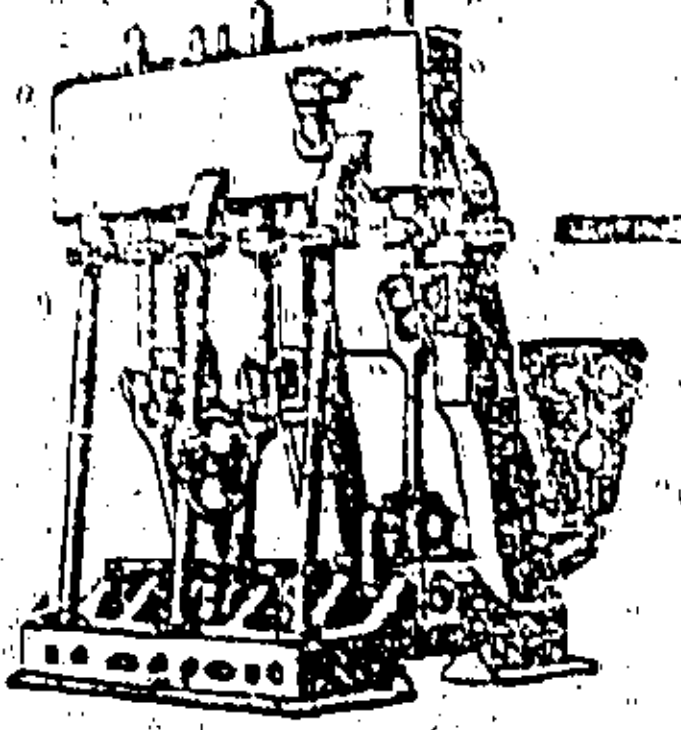
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Price, samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to
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Hongkong, April 11, 1917.

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FRAGRANT, AROMATIC, DRY.
Its "Dryness" is a feature which has helped to give
this drink the popularity it so well deserves.
Pints \$1.20 Per Dozen.
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Estimates furnished on application.
WONG PING WA, Manager.
Hongkong, April 1, 1917.

BUSINESS NOTICES

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"CHINA MAIL" OFFICE.

THE WAR. THE GREAT STRUGGLE.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

VIOLENT GERMAN COUNTER-ATTACKS FAIL.

THE BRITISH FRONT.

LONDON, May 6.
Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

The enemy during the night by a sharp fight unsuccessfully endeavoured to re-establish himself eastward of Leverguier.

We successfully repulsed a front of one and a half miles northward of Gonnelleu. The enemy again determinedly attacked our positions on the Hindenburg line eastward of Bullecourt, but were entirely unsuccessful. Our artillery stopped a renewal of the attack this morning.

We captured a section of a trench southward of the Somme River.

THE FRENCH FRONT.

5,800 PRISONERS TAKEN.

A French communique states:—
To the north of Soissons the Germans delivered in the night time a large number of counter-attacks with large effectives against the positions we captured yesterday. The struggle was particularly violent in the region of Laumont, north of Froimont Farm, north of Bruyere-la-Maison, and north-east of Crotoy.

Everywhere the enemy's efforts were smashed up and the assaulting waves beaten back by our fire or bayonets.

We entirely maintained our gains, which we are now organizing.

It is confirmed that the Germans suffered sanguinary losses both in yesterday's fighting and in the counter-attacks last night.

Generally, the operations carried out on the 4th and 5th inst. were in harmony with the British operations, and rendered us masters of the crest, on which Chemins-des-Dames runs, over a front of thirty kilometres.

So far, 5,800 prisoners have been taken, including 150 officers, among whom were several battalion commanders.

We have taken seven guns, some of them being heavy guns.

There have been violent artillery actions north-west of Rheims and in Champagne.

We carried a fortified point d'appui west of Mont Cornillet and repulsed two German attempts on our trenches in the region of Monthaut.

Our air squadrons dropped eight tons of bombs on military establishments, railway stations and bivouacs, and especially on factories at Hagondange, causing several fires. Four enemy aeroplanes were brought down.

GERMAN REPORT.

LONDON, May 6.

A German official message, transmitted by wireless, reports:—
We repulsed strong English advances to the southward of Lens, on the Scarpe and at Queant. A fruitless English attack on a three kilometre front between Villersplouich and Gonnelleu suffered heavy losses.

The French artillery on the Aisne developed the greatest power yet recorded, in the preparation for a renewed attack by the fresh divisions, yesterday morning, between Allette and Craonne, on a front of thirty-five kilometres. A hand to hand struggle continued till late at night and the enemy was entirely repulsed. We occupy the northern slopes of Chemins-des-Dames. The French occupied Chevigny, Winterburg and a height where our positions were completely destroyed. We took several hundred prisoners.

French attacks to the east of Laneuville and south-west of Nauroy were unsuccessful.

The enemy lost 14 aeroplanes.

A German official message, transmitted by wireless, reports:—Contrary to today's report, Chevreux remains in our possession.

GERMANY'S WAR AIMS.

ENTENTE MUST BE DEPRIVED OF TWO-THIRDS OF THEIR NATURAL RICHES.

Zurich, May 6.

A pamphlet is being circulated among the German Army, with the approval of General von Ludendorff, which demands the annexation by the Central Powers of Belgium, Northern France, Courland, Poland, Serbia, Montenegro and Egypt, and also the formation of a Central Asiatic Empire in order to exploit the coal, India rubber, and iron resources.

It asserts that the Entente must be deprived of two-thirds of their natural riches.

The *Arbeitszeitung* denounces these criminal projects because they involve the ruin of Germany.

[General von Ludendorff is regarded as the brains of the German Army while Hindenburg is regarded as the man of iron to carry out the policy.]

AMSTERDAM, May 5.

In the Reichstag, Dr. von Helfferich announced that Herr von Bethmann Hollweg is now prepared to reply to the Conservative and Socialist demands for a re-statement of the German war aims, and a day will be fixed later.

RUSSIAN OPERATIONS.

THE LATEST COMMUNIQUE.

LONDON, May 5.

A Russian communique states:—

On the Caucasus front, for strategic reasons, our troops in the Ognot and Mush regions, have taken up new positions, and the Turks have occupied Mush.

On the western front our heavy artillery bombarded the station at Potvansk to the east of Kovalevsk causing great explosions. Our aeroplanes bombed the station at Vilna.

On the Rumanian front, the enemy took the offensive to the west of Menastirka and Kachinul, but our heavy guns drove him back to his trenches.

TO ATTACK PETROGRAD.

ENEMY CONCENTRATING LARGE FORCES.

PETROGRAD, May 6.

General Korniloff, Commander of the troops in Petrograd, announces that he has received reports that the enemy is concentrating large forces on the Russian northern front. German mercenaries at Liliou are ready, as soon as the ice has melted, to embark troops, and, under cover of the German fleet, carry out a landing close to Petrograd.

General Korniloff accordingly orders a reorganization of the Reserves in Petrograd in order to defend the capital against a foreign enemy and consolidate the freedom won by Russia.

ANGLO-FRENCH CONFERENCE.

PARIS, May 6.

As a result of conferences of representatives of the British and French Governments, which were attended by Mr. Lloyd George, all the French Ministers, General Nivelle, General Petain and Admiral Labon, it is announced that complete agreement was reached.

The two Governments of Italy and Russia were represented at the Conferences by their Ambassadors.

HOLLAND'S FOREIGN TRADE.

THE HAGUE, May 6.

The Government has submitted a Bill enabling the State to regulate exports and imports in case of war or danger of war.

LATER.

A German official message, transmitted by wireless, reports:—Contrary to today's report, Chevreux remains in our possession.

(Continued on Page 6.)

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EVER ISSUED UNDER
PURELY NATIVE DIRECTION.

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THE LEADING CHINESE POLITICAL AND
COMMERCIAL JOURNAL.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING.
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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM
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VARIOUS PORTS IN CHINA AND JAPAN.
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\$17.50 to all other ports.
S. WATSON & CO., LTD., HONGKONG.

INTIMATIONS

INDO-CHINA STEAMNAVIGATION CO., LTD.

THE THIRTY-SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Office of the General Managers, Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., Des Voeux Road, Hongkong on WEDNESDAY, the 16th May, at 8 o'clock for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, passing the Accounts, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRINITY FROCKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 2nd May to the 22nd May both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
General Managers,
Hongkong, April 26, 1917. 1730

HONGKONG CLUB.

NOTICE.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Hongkong Club will be held in the CLUB HOUSE on MONDAY, the 14th May, 1917, at 5.15 P.M.

BUSINESS.—As set forth in the notice posted in the Hall of the Club.

By Order,
E. DES VOEUX,
Secretary.

Hongkong, May 4, 1917. 1730

THE CHIVA-BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE FORTY-THIRD YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Company's Office, St. George's Building at 11 A.M. on FRIDAY the 18th MAY, 1917, to receive a Statement of Accounts for the 31st December, 1916 and the Report of the General Manager and Consulting Committee, and to elect a Consulting Committee and Auditor.

The Transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 5th May to the 15th May both days inclusive.

By Order,
W. G. DUBBY,
General Manager,
Kowloon, May 3, 1917. 1738

RUSSIAN 5. INTERNAL LIBERTY LOAN 1917.

SUBSCRIPTION to the LIBERTY LOAN is opened at THE RUSSO ASIATIC BANK Hongkong, from date 1st June, 1917.

The price of issue is 85%.

The loan is free of Income Tax and other taxation.

The loan is issued for 55 years and will be redeemable at par by yearly drawings beginning in December, 1922.

The loan may be repaid at par after the 30th March, 1927.

Coupons are payable half yearly on the 30th March and the 30th September.

Interest on the loan runs from the 30th March, 1917—interest from that date to be added to the price of issue.

Special favourable rates will be quoted for Russian Exchange.

Applications will be wired to Petrograd free of telegraphic charges and Bonds will be forwarded free of postal expenses. The Bank is ready to give every facility to subscribers in the shape of advances against the Bonds.

G. TIDBALL, Manager.

Hongkong, May 3, 1917. 1737

COLUMBIA RECORDS ARE MORE FAITHFUL.

TO THE ORIGINAL, WHETHER THE HUMAN VOICE OR INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

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THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

JAPANESE MAKERS

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Telephone No. 491.
Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

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C/o "China Mail" Office.
Hongkong, May 5, 1917. 1770

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A YOUNG GIRL offers her SERVICES as NURSE, for one or two small Children. Peak District preferred.
Apply—
"NURSE."
C/o "China Mail" Office.
Hongkong, May 1, 1917. 1733

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WONDERFUL DISCOUNT
ON
Japanese Fine Art Curios
15 Days Only
SALE NOW ON
H. MATSUNAGA.
40, Haiphong Road,
Kowloon.

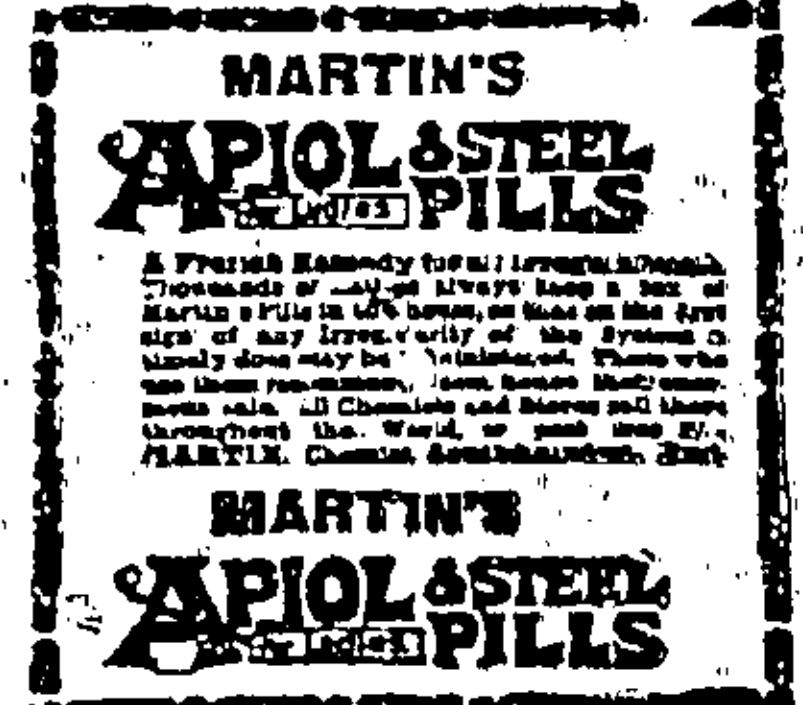
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AND

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PUT UP IN KEES AND BARRELS
FOR
EXPORT OR STRAITS USE.



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THE Underlined having been appointed Agents for the COWIE & BOUR COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote prices for best quality SILIMPON COAL (traded in Bankers at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo).

SILIMPON COAL compares favourably with the better grades of Japanese Coal and gives good results on a very moderate consumption.

Steamers calling at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPON COAL (either cargo or Bankers) are exempt from payment of all Port charges.

At Sebatik Steamers are berthed alongside the Company's wharf where there is a minimum depth of 27 to 23 feet at low water Spring Tides.

Charts of Sibuku Bay (Sebatik Harbour). Prices and all other information concerning this Port can be had on application to the Agents.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD.,
Agents Cowie Harbour Coal Company, Limited.

COUGHING INTO CONSUMPTION

"Only a Cough" but you stop it while it is ONLY a cough.

WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUND

The finest preparation made for combating severe cough.
CURES any cough that is only a cough. Very palatable.
OF ALL CHEMISTS

PRICES: \$1.25 and \$2.25.

"Embassy"
No. 77.
VIRGINIA CIGARETTES
ARE TEMPTING.
HAND MADE
W.D. & H.O. WILLS.
BRISTOL & LONDON.

FEEDING THE FRONT LINE.

FATIGUING AND DANGEROUS WORK.

One of the most astonishing achievements of Great Britain is the manner in which she provided the great armies which she has placed in the field with food, drink and the munitions of war. It is difficult to realize that a couple of millions of men, transplanted from their homes across the sea, to a region which is in many places a vast quagmire, are being fed, clothed and supplied with arms, equipment and ammunition as regularly and as adequately as though they were a middle class family with a running account at a large co-operative stores.

How is it done? The secret of it all is the fact that everybody knows just what he has to do. From the Quartermaster-General to the company cook, every man has his particular duty. Nothing is left to chance. Tommy is fighting away up in the trenches, and it is someone else's job to see that Tommy has plenty of good food to keep up his strength, and some one else means to do it.

Behind the firing line there is a network of railways, stretching from the base nearly to the front; the ordinary lines have been supplemented by metre, two foot and 60 centimetre tracks, with their tiny, but powerful, little engines buzzing backwards and forwards and fusing about by day and by night. From the base the food for the troops goes up by goods train to what is called "rail head" (i.e. terminus) where is frequently situated the divisional "dump," or point at which are accumulated the supplies necessary for a division of troops. Here the Quartermaster of each battalion draws what he requires for his unit, and carries it away in the battalion transport wagons to the spot he has selected for his permanent stores; this will be as near the front line as circumstances permit—probably a matter of a couple of miles distance.

Of course, the manner in which the rations are now handled depends entirely on local conditions: it is impossible to lay down an inflexible rule; but the general system may be indicated.

The rations—we are only dealing with the food supply at present; ammunition, engineers' stores, etc., are dealt with a little differently—are now divided into five portions: one for each of the four companies and one for the headquarters staff, which includes signallers, ordnance, etc. A company quartermaster sergeant with a few men from each company takes charge of the food allotted to the company concerned. The rations, subdivided into portions for each platoon, are packed in tin tins, if "dry" or placed in large "dixies" (pots), if "wet," such as stew (previously prepared by the company cooks), and have then to be carried to the firing line. In pitchy darkness and well over their ankles in thick, slimy mud, the carriers have no easy or pleasant task. Nor is it without danger, for a casual shell may descend upon them at any moment, while an exposed place is certain to have "one of the enemy's machine-guns trained on it and brought into action at intervals on the chance of catching a carrying party. But courage and endurance are the great characteristics of the British soldier, and it is rare indeed for the men in the front line to find their "grub" long delayed.

Sometimes the condition of the roads will admit of the rations being taken up to the vicinity of battalion headquarters in limbers, after dark, the wheels being carefully muffled to prevent noise. At other points, ponies or miniature rail-ways can be used. But the last stage to the firing trench has to be covered on foot, and that it is both fatiguing and dangerous work can be readily imagined. Of course, while an attack is actually in progress, the normal arrangements must be thrust on one side, but apart from this the whole system of supply is so wonderfully organised and administered as to seem positively miraculous.

There are stories of heroism in the newspapers of men who have handled bomb and bayonet gallantly against terrible odds. But there is another kind of heroism, of which little is heard—that of the man who sets out to carry to his comrades the food without which they cannot live. There is no wild fury of attack, no glamour, no romance about him as he trudges off in the darkness of a cold, wet winter's night: the communication trenches are rivers of chugging, easy mud, and their narrowness makes it difficult to pass the stretchers, parcels and others coming from the front; at any moment a casual shell may be the last they will ever see, or an unavoidably exposed place may mean death from a machine gun trained on the spot during daylight, and brought into action at intervals throughout the night on the chance of "getting" a ration party or relief. But the greater the danger and the worse the hardships, the more does Tommy rise to the occasion, and his quiet, resolute spirit carries him on, with a grin and a joke, till the task before him, whatever it may be, is finished—or he himself has gone under.

RICH COALOWNER'S DEATH.

ROMANTIC CAREER OF SIR CHAR. HOLCROFT.

Sir Charles Holcroft, Bart., a Staffordshire iron and coal magnate, died at his residence, The Shrubbery, Kingswinford, recently.

Beginning life in circumstances none too promising, Sir Charles carved his way to a position of great influence and respect, and was able to give during his lifetime a total of £100,000 to Birmingham University.

Born in 1831, at Bilston, he was one of a family of four sons and three daughters—Charles being the youngest and James the eldest of the family. The two brothers were closely associated throughout their business and private lives. Neither married, and both had very successful careers. Charles often admitted that the exertions and influence of James laid the foundations of his own prosperity. Starting as a junior in the drawing office of the Horley Engineering Company, Tipton, in 1848, Charles ultimately became a director, and continued in office until quite recently.

In 1856 and for some years afterwards he was associated with his brother James and others in sinking the first pits of the Condit Colliery Company, and thus became one of the pioneers of the Can-ock Chase coalfield.

SHELLS FROM EVERY HOME.

GLYCERINE OUT OF HOUSEHOLD WASTE.

So successful has been the scheme for the collection and treatment of camp refuse that an effort is to be made in Nottinghamshire to go a step further and collect bones and fat from householders.

During April 1915, when the scheme was initiated, the weekly return to the Army for camp refuse was about £1,800, but it has now reached half a million sterling per annum. Glycerine has been extracted sufficient to provide the propellant charges for millions of 18-pounder shells. This enabled the Ministry of Munitions to dispense with over 1,000 tons of foreign glycerine at a saving in cost of £180,000.

Between 14 and 20 lbs. of household bones will provide the glycerine for one 18-pounder shell. While English glycerine costs £38 per ton, the United States figure is £240.

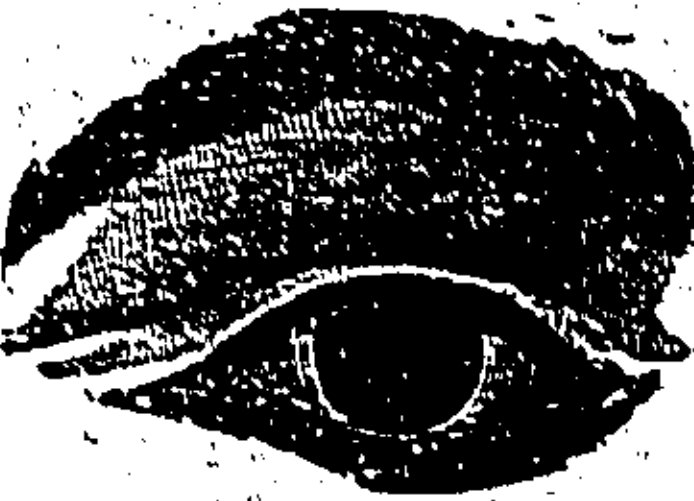
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to-day's liverishness, biliousness, or sick-headache will have disappeared if you seek the aid of

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to-night. To cleanse, to stimulate digestion, clear the complexion, Pinkettes are perfection. Of all dealers, or post free to cents the cheap, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 60 Broadway, New York.

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All classes of Light Steel work manufactured by the above process.

Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.

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KOWLOON					
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	707	100	12	6	
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	571	100	12	6	
No. 3 Dock, Kowloon	524	100	12	6	
PALAU SLIP, No. 1, Kowloon	524	100	12	6	
TAL KOW TSI					
Commercial Dock	407	100	12	6	
ARMED DOCK					
Large Dock	524	100	12	6	
Small Dock	524	100	12	6	

R. M. DYER, R.E., M.I.M.A., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.

Please Address Enquiries to the Chief Manager.



Hughes & Hough

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers
Share, Coal and General Produce
Brokers and Commission
Agents.

PROPRIETORS

"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Codes used

Bentley's

A. B. C. 4th & 5th Editions.

A I Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address

MEIKUN HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

TUESDAY,

the 8th May, 1917, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE.

As follows:—

Upholstered Suites, Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofas, Card Tables, Bedroom Furniture, comprising: Double and Single Beds, Bedsteads, Twin Bedsteads (Teakwood), Sideboards, Dinner Wagon, Extension Dining Tables, Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, etc., Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, etc., Bath Room Utensils, Roll-top Desks and Writing Tables, etc., Electro Plated Ware, etc. in good condition, Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, Engravings, Pictures, etc., etc.

Also:—
Tennis Poles and Netting, etc., etc.
Oliver and Smith Typewriters, Carpets (New and second hand), Child's Cots, etc.

Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, May 3, 1917. 1753

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED),

THURSDAY,

the 10th May, 1917, at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of Ice House Street, A CONSIGNMENT OF WHITE GOODS.

Comprising:—
Turkish Towels, Bath Sheets, Single and Double Bed Sheets, Satin Quilts, Linen Damask Table Cloths and Serviettes, Check Dusters.

BRASS WARE,
Comprising:—
An assortment of Jardinieres, Flower Vases, Finger Bowls, Ornaments, etc., etc., etc.

Also:
A few four-fold Screens and Sundries.

Terms:—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, May 3, 1917. 1758

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location.

All Electric Tram Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting, European Baths and Sanitary Fittings, Hot and Cold Water System throughout, Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 373
Telegraphic Address: "Victoria."
J. WITCHELL,
Manager.

'CHINA MAIL'

OVERLAND EDITION.

THE BEST WEEKLY NEWS-PAPER FOR ALL INTERESTED IN HONGKONG AND CHINA GENERALLY.

ORDER IT BEFORE GOING HOME, AND THEN KEEP IN CLOSE TOUCH WITH THE COLONY

IT IS THE WOMAN WHO PAYS.

When a man gives up his seat in the train or tram to a woman he shows, without knowing it, that woman is of the privileged sex. She has so much to give, it she chooses, that she has earned this respect. She has so much to bear that she needs this consideration. But she must pay for her privileges. Nature exacts the price in bodily sufferings, which even the healthiest woman occasionally endures, and must always dread—especially in the years when she is entering middle age.

There are various causes for the frequent ill-health and weakness of women. They are more liable to be deficient in blood than men. Every woman knows the reason, but she need not be any weaker or more liable to suffering, than men, if she will follow this advice. Women who have found the remedy do not, in fact, suffer. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enable anyone who takes them—man or woman—to make more blood (and it is better blood, too); and that is why women who know the virtue of these pills save themselves so much needless suffering. The property of making abundant, rich blood is peculiar to genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Begin them to-day, they are obtainable from dealers everywhere, also post free, 1 bottle for \$1.50, six for \$8.00, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. 98 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

FREE to lady readers a book, "Plain Talks." Send post card for it to above address.

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY,

the 9th, 10th and 11th May, 1917, commencing each day at 11 a.m., at his Sales Rooms, DUNDRELL STREET.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF BURROUGHS & WELLCOMES TABLETS (various assortment).
Kepler's Malt and Oil, Allen and Hanbury's Blyno Preparations, Patent Medicine, Hair-Oil and Dyes, etc., etc.

Also:
A Large Quantity of French and American Perfumes and Soaps.
N.B.—The above sale offers a unique opportunity to hospitals and private dispensaries, as the goods are in fine condition and are only being sold owing to the labels being slightly stained by water.

On view from Monday the 7th May, 1917.
Catalogues will be issued.
Terms:—Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, May 1, 1917. 1758

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the Liquidators of Messrs. JENKINS & Co. in pursuance of an order of the Hongkong Government to sell by Public Auction at 12 o'clock (Noon) on

TUESDAY,

the 31st day of July, 1917, at his Sales Rooms, DUNDRELL STREET.

THE VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY situated at The Peak, Hongkong, and being Rural Building Lot No. 19.

The property consists of:—
"The piece or parcel of ground and premises known as 'Lysholt,' 104 'The Peak,' situated near Mount Cough in the Colony of Hongkong with an area of 124032 square feet and registered in the Land Office as Rural Building Lot No. 19.

The lot is held for the unexpired residue of a term of 75 years created therein by an indenture of Crown Lease dated the 23rd day of April 1896.

The Annual Crown Rent is \$85.00. For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Wilkinson & Grist, Solicitors for the Liquidators, or to the undersigned.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, April 30, 1917. 1748

LONDON DIRECTORY.

(PUBLISHED ANNUALLY)

ENABLES traders throughout the World to communicate direct with English MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS.

in each class of goods. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London and its suburbs, the Directory contains lists of EXPORT MERCHANTS.

with the goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply.

STEAMSHIP LINES arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate callings.

PROVINCIAL TRADE NOTICES of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns and industrial centres of the United Kingdom.

A copy of the current edition will be forwarded, freight paid, on receipt of Postal Order for 20s.

Dealers seeking Agencies can advertise their wants under 2s. or larger advertisements from 2s.

The London Directory Co., Ltd.
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4.

THE WAR.

(Continued from Page 1.)

SUNDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE GREAT BATTLE.

THE HINDENBURG LINE.

FURTHER PROGRESS BY BRITISH.

LONDON, May 4.
Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:

We took prisoner on Thursday up wards of 900 of the enemy, including 28 officers.

We strengthened to-day a position captured in a sector of the Hindenburg line and made progress eastwards along the enemy's trench, killing many.

There was severe air fighting on Thursday, when three enemy machines were brought down and five driven down out of control. Two machines were also shot down by gun fire, while another was forced down behind our lines. Two of ours are missing.

CRAONNE FALLS TO THE FRENCH.

LONDON, May 3.
A French communiqué reports:—

A brilliantly conducted operation made us masters of the village of Craonne and several strong points east and north thereof. One hundred and fifty prisoners have been counted so far.

After lively artillery preparation in the region north-west of Rheims, we launched an attack, carrying the first German lines in a front of four kilometres and taking 600 prisoners.

The artillery duel has been furious in Champagne throughout the day south and south-west of Meusevalles.

ALLIED AVIATORS BUSY.

LONDON, May 3.
A Belgian communiqué states that allied aviators bombarded the German aviation centre at Thistlethill.

Belgian aviators dropped 1,500 kilograms of projectiles during the night.

GERMAN REPORTS.

LONDON, May 4.
A German official message, transmitted by wireless, states:

British attacks on both sides of Bullecourt and strong French attacks between Berry-au-Bac and Brimont were repulsed.

A fresh English attempt to break through between Achille and Queant with the 16th and 17th divisions failed. Repeated attacks from dawn until night broke down and the enemy only succeeded in entering 'Frenoy'. Small portions of the trenches near Bullecourt remained in the enemy's hands. We inflicted heavy losses and took prisoner over a thousand.

The enemy had assembled strong cavalry south-eastward of Arras.

The battle continues, the artillery being most intense between the Aisne and Brimont.

Several French attacks broke down near Bray and Winterberg. The enemy lost ten aeroplanes.

A RUSSIAN ATTACK.

LONDON, May 4.
A German official announcement says:—

The Russians unsuccessfully attacked northwards of Susita Valley.

MORE MEN NEEDED FOR THE ARMY.

LONDON, May 1.
Under a new scheme, shortly to be issued, for the release of more men for the Army, only men skilled in essential work will be regarded as indispensable. One of the trades directly affected, is the textile trade.

Hitherto 1,000 cotton spinners and weavers have been exempted because their occupations are 'certified,' but it is understood that the new list protects only certain classes of men directly engaged in the manufacture of naval and military necessities.

INDIAN OFFICERS DECORATED.

LONDON, May 3.
The "Gazette" announces the following decorations for officers of the Indian Army:—

Legion of Honour Croix d'Officier.—Breret Lt.-Col. James Whitehead.

Legion of Honour Croix de Chevalier.—Lt.-Col. William Fetherstonhaugh, Major Hugo Meynell, Captains Vivian Green Armytage and Donald Robertson.

Croix de Guerre.—Lt.-Col. Ruffard Asghar Ali, Naik Bombardier Gurung and Sepoy Ramarand.

McNeill Military.—Conductor A. J. Cameron.

Mitralanceous List.—Havildar Maugli Singh.

APPRECIATION OF INDIA'S HELP.

LONDON, May 4.
The resolutions of the Imperial War Conference concerning the representation of India on future Imperial Conferences, and the position of Indians in self-governing

provinces, were marked by generous expressions of appreciation, on all sides, of the assistance given by India in the prosecution of the war.

These observations of the Dominions Representatives and the sympathetic treatment of the subject gave the keenest satisfaction to the representatives from India.

AMERICA AND THE WAR.

CHICAGO, May 4.
The French Mission has arrived.

WASHINGTON, May 4.
The British Mission has begun a series of public conferences with American officials. Admiral De Chair has conferred with the Naval Committee of the House of Representatives and Mr. Balfour with the Council of National Defence.

NO NEWSPAPER CENSORSHIP.

WASHINGTON, May 4.
A clause in the Espionage Bill imposing censorship on newspapers has been rejected by the House of Representatives.

GERMAN & AUSTRIAN DIPLOMATS AND CONSULS DEPART.

NEW YORK, May 4.
The Austrian Minister, Count Tarnowski, has sailed on board the Ryndam accompanied by 200 Consuls and Diplomats of the Central Powers assembled from the United States, Cuba and China.

AMERICAN CREW DIE OF EXPOSURE.

LONDON, May 4.
Eighteen of the crew of the torpedoed American steamer Vacuum died from exposure in the boats.

BRITISH DESTROYER MINED.

LONDON, May 4.
The Admiralty announces that an old-type destroyer was mined and sank in the Channel on Wednesday.

An officer and 61 of the crew are missing.

THE TRIUMPH'S CLAIM FOR PRIZE MONEY.

LONDON, April 30.
The Prize Court has dismissed the claim of the Commanders of the Triumph and the Uak, referred to on April 24.

The Court holds that there is insufficient evidence as to how the enemy vessels were sunk.

[These claims had reference to operations at Tsingtau.]

ACTING LIEUT. PRINCE ALBERT.

LONDON, May 1.
Acting Lieut. H.R.H. Prince Albert has been appointed to H.M.S. Malaya.

(* Delayed in transmission.)

CHILIAN RUPTURE DENIED.

AMSTERDAM, May 4.
A Berlin telegram denies the report of a German-Chilian rupture.

THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, May 3.
Messrs. Sampel Montague and Co. silver report states that the market is narrow and sensitive, moderate transactions having a totally disproportionate effect.

New York is selling very little, as the American mint is buying for its own requirements at the rate of 400,000 ounces a week.

HONOUR FOR SIR THOMAS CARMICHAEL.

LONDON, May 1.
The King has invested Sir Thomas Carmichael, Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, with the Order of Grand Commander of the Star of India.

(* Delayed in transmission.)

FRENCH SHIPPING REPORT.

LONDON, May 4.
The French Admiralty's shipping report for the week ending April 29 states that 280 vessels, above 150 tons arrived and 300 left.

One vessel over 1,000 tons and five under were sunk or mined, eight vessels were unaccountably attacked and three sailing boats were sunk.

COMPANY MEETINGS.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LIMITED.

The twenty-eighth ordinary yearly meeting of the shareholders of the Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd., was held at the office of the Company, St. George's Building, on Saturday, Mr. A. O. Lang (Chairman) presided, and there were also present the Hon. Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., Hon. Mr. C. E. Anton and Mr. S. H. Dodwell (Directors), Mr. F. Graham (Manager), Messrs. R. H. B. Hancock, D. V. Stevenson, Ho Fook, Lo Cheung-shui, A. E. M. da Silva, J. F. Grosse, Ho Kwong, S. K. Ho, Leung Yau Po, To Tsching, Leung Wingsang, L. E. Ozorio and O. Baptista (Shareholders).

The Chairman said:—Gentlemen, I report and accounts have been in your hands for some days and I trust you will take them, together with the auditor's certificate, as read. It is very gratifying to your Directors to be able to present to you a satisfactory statement of accounts, notwithstanding the reduction in charge for current and the increased cost of coal and oil.

The net profits amount to \$569,040.24, to which has to be added \$110,558.92, balance brought forward from last account, making a total of \$679,599.16 available for appropriation, and your Directors recommend to be disposed of as follows:

To pay a Dividend of 22 1/2 per cent, say \$22.50 per share on 60,000 shares, \$1,350,000.00

To pay a Bonus of 75 cents per share, 45,000.00

To Place to Reserve, 100,000.00

To Write Off Plant Account for Depreciation, 175,000.00

To Write Off New Property Account for Depreciation, 40,000.00

To Write Off Furniture Account for Depreciation, 302.10

To Pay a Bonus to Staff, 11,357.15

To Carry Forward to next Account, 113,750.11

\$620,499.36

With the bonus, the return to shareholders is 7 1/2 per cent. in excess of what was paid last year.

The addition of \$100,000 to Reserve, bringing it up to \$400,000 will no doubt comfort itself to all shareholders, especially in times like the present.

Writing off plant account, is the same as last year, and this is necessary on account of the additions which have been made during the period now under review. My predecessor in the chair pointed out at the last annual meeting that the sound position of the Company is in a large measure due to liberal writing down of plant, a policy which shareholders have always endorsed in the past, and one which I hope will be continued.

You will observe that \$40,000 is appropriated for writing off new property account for depreciation. Owing to the war, a portion of the work at North Point has cost somewhat in excess of what was originally estimated, and that accounts for a large proportion of the amount written off of new property account.

No provision has been made on this occasion for writing anything off old property account, and your Directors are satisfied that this is not necessary, as it has been written down very liberally in the past and, as things are at present, stands in the Company's books at what would appear to be a very fair figure.

The bonus to staff has on this occasion been advanced to 15 per cent, and I am sure shareholders will not grudge this in view of the fact that there has been a great deal more overtime than usual during the past year.

I also hope, gentlemen, that you will approve of the contribution of \$5,000 to Hongkong War Charities, and of the assistance, in the shape of light and labour, which has been given to a number of local entertainments in aid of War Funds.

During the year, there was a large increase in the demand for current, so much so that it was found necessary to refuse applications for new lighting connections as from last January last, and the drastic step in question was only taken in order that it may be possible to give present consumers a continuous supply during the coming summer months. Every endeavour has been made to procure locally such plant as would enable the Company to continue accepting new business, but all that was available were two small steam sets, with which addition it is hoped we shall be able to carry on until the new station is ready.

As you are aware, but for the outbreak of war, the new station at North Point would have been running ere this, and when I inform you that a considerable portion of the new plant on order in England had actually been completed only to be commandeered by the Ministry of Munitions, you will I am sure readily understand the position in which the Company now finds itself. During the time he was at Home, Mr. Bonnier, in conjunction with Mr. Wickham and Messrs. Fraser, Ordway, Snell and Bides, made repeated applications to the Ministry referred to in respect of our requirements.

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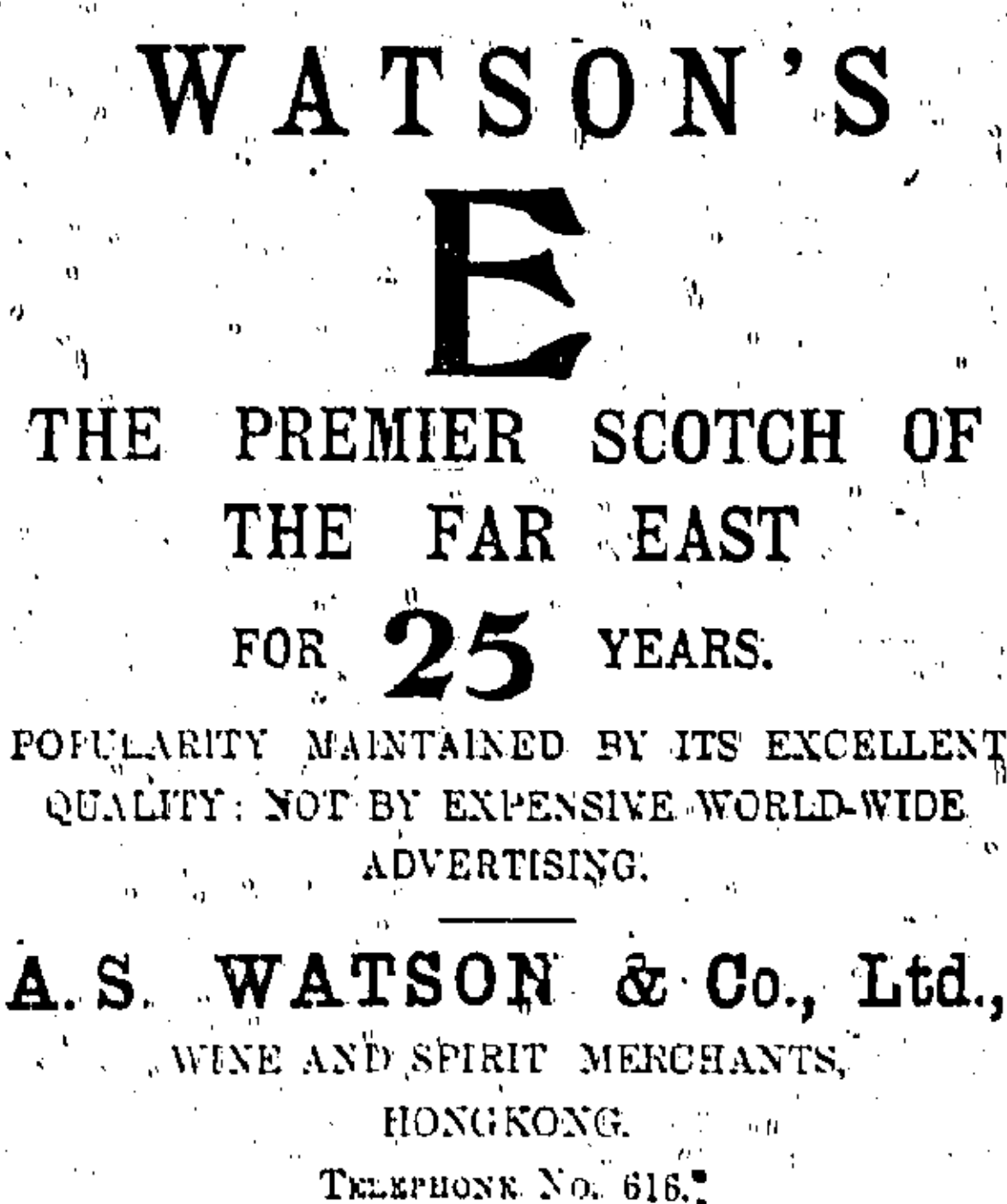
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IN almost every community there is some one whose life has been saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Such persons seldom miss an opportunity to recommend it, and these recommendations and its never-failing qualities account for its great popularity. For sale by all Chemists and Druggists.

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TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

THE RUSSIAN SITUATION.

PRO-ALLY DEMONSTRATIONS IN PETROGRAD.

SPEECH BY BRITISH AMBASSADOR.

PETROGRAD, May 5.

There were great pro-ally demonstrations last night outside the British, French and Italian Embassies. Sir George and Lady Buchanan appeared on the balcony at the British Embassy, and the Ambassador in a speech said it was clear to all the world that Great Britain was not fighting for the sake of conquest. She only entered the war when Belgium had been over-run and the rights of other nations had been trampled upon. It was impossible that the British democracy, the oldest in the world, could be suspected of opposing the freedom of the people. The only subject of Great Britain in the war was the solemn vindication of right and justice.

Sir George Buchanan called upon the Russians to support the Government which was a sincere defender of the people.

ANOTHER COLLISION BETWEEN SOLDIERS AND WORKMEN.

PETROGRAD, May 5.

There was another collision on Friday evening between the soldiers and the Leninist workmen. Three thousand of the latter marching in a procession were headed by 800, armed with rifles, revolvers and "words," and carrying banners inscribed "Down with the Government," "Down with War!" A party of soldiers intervened and some of the Leninists fired on them.

The Executive of the Workmen and Soldiers' Delegates, in consequence of the disorders forbade meetings and demonstration, and placed a proclamation appealing to the population to be calm and to observe discipline, and also urging the soldiers not to carry arms.

The Executive telephoned to the garrison at Cronstadt, Tsarskoye Selo, Pskov and other garrisons in the neighbourhood of the Capital, not to send troops to Petrograd without a written request.

The Committee invites the garrisons to appoint delegates to confer with the committee on the present situation.

RUSSIA'S "LIBERTY LOAN"

A SPLENDID RESPONSE IN AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, May 5.

The response to the "Liberty Loan" is becoming a deluge of gold. Subscriptions are pouring in at such a rate that the telegraphs threaten to become blocked. The Treasury is receiving applications at the rate of \$20,000,000 an hour.

PETROGRAD, May 6.

At a general assembly the Council of Workmen and Soldiers' Delegates it was overwhelmingly decided to assist in the raising of the Liberty Loan.

ALTERING THE GERMAN CONSTITUTION.

NOTABLE DECISIONS BY REICHTAG COMMITTEE.

A Berlin message states that the Constitution Committee of the Reichstag has adopted the proposal of the Centre National Liberals and Progressives to alter the Constitution by declaring decrees of the Kaiser invalid unless counter-signed by the Chancellor who is thus responsible.

THE NEW GREEK MINISTRY.

ATHENS, May 6.

Five members of the new Ministry were in the former Zaimis Cabinet. Mr. Demitzi, the Minister of Marine, held the same post in the Venizelos Cabinet.

THE AUSTRALIAN ELECTIONS.

MELBOURNE, May 6.

In the House of Representatives the Nationalists will probably secure four gains and Labour six gains. In the Senate, Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia and Tasmania will probably be Nationalist, while Queensland will probably be Labour. New South Wales is doubtful. The Government is assured of a good majority in the House of Representatives, but the Senate is doubtful where thirteen wins are required to obtain a majority.

MR BALFOUR IN THE UNITED STATES.

SPEECH IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, May 6.

Mr. Balfour and the members of the Mission, visited the House of Representatives. While they were welcomed on the floor of the House, President Wilson sat in the Gallery. This is the first time the President of the United States has sat in the Gallery of the House.

Mr. Balfour, whose speech was greeted with the most enthusiastic cheering, was apparently not aware that President Wilson was one of his most interested listeners, but at the conclusion of the speech, President Wilson descended to the floor of the House, where the Members were beginning to pass in turn to shake hands with the British representatives. The President's appearance on the floor was greeted with shouts of cheer, and he took his place in the line, and after shaking hands, chatted for some time with Mr. Balfour. The Justices of the Supreme Court were also in the line. The President's diplomatic representatives occupied the Diplomatic Gallery.

Mr. Balfour, in the course of his speech, said that the British House of Commons and the American House of Representatives were the greatest and oldest of free assemblies now governing the great nations of the world. Each represented a great democratic principle to which we looked as the security for the world's future peace. "This is one of the great moments in the world's history and what is now happening on both sides of the Atlantic represents the drawing together of great and free peoples for their mutual protection against aggression and military despotism. All free assemblies have made blunders; and sometimes they have committed crimes, but only military despotism of the German type could, through generations, pursue steadily, remorselessly, unscrupulously and appallingly the object of dominating civilisation. And this evil has increased instead of diminished with the growth of knowledge and progress of material civilisation. It is against this danger that we free peoples of western civilisation have bound ourselves together. It is in that great cause that we are fighting side by side. In that cause we shall surely conquer and our children will look back on this fateful date as one from which democracies can feel secure in their progress and civilisation. Rivalry, if need be, will be conducted, not on German lines but in a free and friendly spirit really benefiting the age in which we live."

Mr. Balfour concluded by thanking the House for its cordial welcome and repeating his profound sense of the significance of this unique meeting.

PEAS & BEANS COMMANDEERED.

HEAVY REDUCTION IN PRICE.

LONDON, May 6.

Lord Devonport has commandeered from the original consignees all the Burma peas and beans to arrive at Great Britain, at £37 per ton, for hand-picked white beans, and at corresponding prices for other varieties. All sale contracts by consignees and persons claiming under them, have been cancelled, and sellers and buyers are released from all liability regarding brokerage. The transaction extends to between 50,000 and 60,000 tons. The market price heretofore was in the region of £80 per ton. The retail price of beans has been fixed at a maximum of 8d. a pound as compared with a shilling a pound up to the present time.

BELFAST'S WAR RECORD.

At the opening of Belfast Assizes, recently the Lord Chief Justice said, tried by any test or standard, no portion of the King's dominions had more nobly or more generally responded to the call of duty than the citizens of Belfast. (Forty thousand men of military age were engaged on war work. The citizens had voluntarily contributed about a quarter of a million pounds toward the relief of wounded soldiers.)

NOW IS THE TIME.

FOR examination you will find nothing better than Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Now is the time to get rid of it. Try this liniment and see how quickly it will relieve the pain and soreness for sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE GREAT BATTLE.

BRILLIANT FRENCH SUCCESSES.

3,300 PRISONERS.

LONDON, May 5.

A Paris communiqué states:—Our operations continued to develop in conjunction with the British. We were brilliantly successful north-east of Soissons and Chemin-des-Dames, despite the desperation of the Germans, who with the utmost recklessness employed great contingents.

We attacked the salient on the Hindenburg line south-east of Vaux-Aillon and carried the German positions on a front of six kilometres. The enemy had exceptional losses in their manifold counterattacks which were shattered by our artillery and machine-gun fire. German columns marching in the direction of Chemin-des-Dames and Chamaille were caught and scattered by our heavy batteries.

We captured the whole of the plateau in the region of Chemin-des-Dames from the east of Cerny-Lacinois to the east of Craonne, despite counterattacks, and we reached the rocky ridges dominating the valley of Arlette and the forest of Vaucelles.

Up to the present over 4,300 prisoners have been counted, in addition to the thousand captured yesterday.

VIOLENT GERMAN COUNTER-ATTACKS.

FRENCH HOLD GROUND WON.

PARIS, May 5.

A French communiqué states:—The Germans violently counter-attacked yesterday. Our machine-gun and artillery fire inflicted very heavy losses upon the assailants, who were unable to reach our lines at any point. The total prisoners captured here were 25 (2) men and nine officers, including a battalion commander.

We also repulsed a strong attack south-east of Berry-au-Bac, where the enemy attempted to carry our positions east of Hill 108. The enemy north-west of Rheims attempted to make violent infantry reactions after our attack yesterday. The struggle was particularly stubborn. Our troops several times repulsed counter-attacks carried out with large effectives.

During the evening important German reserves were thrown into the battle, but our heavy field batteries smashed up the assault, which cost the enemy heavy losses. We identified two fresh divisions on this part of the front, where we have captured 700 prisoners since yesterday.

In Champagne, after an intense artillery struggle, a violent fight began towards the evening in the region of Mont Cornillet. We advanced east of this place, and on the Northern slopes of Mont Blond. Here the enemy attacked with two fresh divisions, which our fire repulsed. We captured 100 men and six officers, making our total capture of prisoners yesterday over a thousand.

BRITISH FRONT QUIET.

LONDON, May 5.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig says:—There is nothing to report. Five German aeroplanes yesterday were brought down and four were driven down by gunfire, and two of our machines are missing.

THE SCARPE BATTLE.

DESPERATE AND COMPLICATED.

LONDON, May 5.

The desperation of the Scarpe fighting is evidenced by the Windmill, north of Gavrelle, which has changed hands eight times in two days, and is at present in the possession of the British.

There were nine counter-attacks at Bullecourt, and all were repulsed. The enemy's position at the chemical works at Roenx is described as one of the most complicated machine-gun defences ever known, while the conformation of the ground at Roenx enables the Germans to bring up reinforcements continuously. The ground at Roenx and Gavrelle is so churned up by explosives that the infantry moves with the greatest difficulty, craters and trenches at many points no longer existing. The fighting is in the open, but the troops on both sides are finding it difficult to shake off the trench habits, often preferring bombs to rifles. Despite the wonderful targets of the manoeuvring masses, one officer at one point found two companies of British and Germans bombing in a wood, though the range was excessive. He collected half-a-dozen rifle marksmen who soon settled the Germans.

BRITISH GAINS RETAINED.

LONDON, May 5.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—We carried out a successful raid eastward of Le Yerguer, taking prisoners. We made progress northward of Havrincourt Wood and in the neighbourhood of Fresnoy.

The enemy three times counter-attacked at night-time our new positions on the Hindenburg Line. Our artillery broke up the first attack and our infantry, after sharp fighting, drove off the others.

We repulsed raids in the neighbourhood of Mesnil.

GERMAN CONTEMPT OF LOSSES.

UNPARALLELED SLAUGHTER.

LONDON, May 5.

While the Germans are throwing men with the most reckless contempt for losses, into the furnace in the Scarpe Valley, whose importance Reuter's Correspondent explained on the 25th of April, the French success at Craonne is bound to force the enemy to further encroach upon his reserves, for the captures assure the French of the definite possession of the long rocky crest dominating the Aisne valley and makes another breach in the German defences at Laon.

The most remarkable feature of the fighting on the British front is the enormous forces of men used by the Germans compared with the British, who are employing a tremendous weight of artillery and economising their man-power. The Germans lately have vastly increased their guns, especially the long-range five to thirteen-inch naval guns, but their ruthless driving of men to slaughter is unparalleled. One correspondent says that the airman, flying at a great height, can see German bodies as a feature of the landscape.

INTENSE FIGHTING AT BULLECOURT.

LONDON, May 5.

Reuter's Correspondent at Headquarters reports:—The centre of the most intense fighting continues to be the neighbourhood of Bullecourt, where the battle is continuous, surging in and around the ruined village and south-east of the village. We appear not only to have maintained our positions in the Hindenburg switch, but at night-time our bombers worked their way along an appreciable stretch of both the front and support trenches of this system in the direction of Quenast. It is doubtless owing to the great tactical significance of our gains here that the Germans are delivering such violent counter-attacks, in which they are suffering prodigious losses.

GERMAN REPORTS.

LONDON, May 5.

A German official report transmitted by wireless states:—

An English attack on both sides of Bullecourt was repulsed. We have increased our English prisoners to 1,235. The excessive artillery firing on the Aisne front continues. The fighting for the possession of Wintberg has not concluded. Attacks by four French divisions between the Aisne and Brimont broke down. The French temporarily penetrated our lines east of Neuville, but were driven out. We captured five hundred prisoners. Several French divisions unsuccessfully attempted to take the heights northward of Proenca. The enemy on Friday lost seven aeroplanes.

The German official report issued this evening states that a new battle is in progress on the heights north of the Aisne.

THE SITUATION IN RUSSIA.

STREET DISTURBANCES.

FATAL COLLISION.

PETROGRAD, May 5.

Yesterday morning the streets were again filled with excited crowds discussing the situation. The majority denounced the pacifist agitation.

Suddenly a large band of the so-called Leninists, who are pacifists and against the Government, appeared marching up the Nevsky Prospekt. A collision occurred at the cross roads, the partisans of the Government, including many soldiers, endeavouring to seize the Leninist flags. Some of the Leninists fired rifles, several of the Government partisans being killed and wounded, but the Leninists were finally dispersed. The streets were picketed, the crowds cheering the Government.

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT UPHOLD.

A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

PETROGRAD, May 5.

The Executive of the Workmen and Soldiers' Delegates by a majority 34 to 19 accepted as satisfactory the explanation by the Provisional Government of M. Mifukoff's note called yesterday.

The Council of Workmen and Soldiers' Delegates, consisting of 2,500 members, passed a vote of confidence in the Provisional Government by a majority of thirty-five.

The Duma meets to-day for the first time since the Revolution.

GENERAL ALEXEIEFF.

BACK TO THE FRONT.

PETROGRAD, May 5.

General Alexeieff, the Commander-in-Chief, after a visit of several days, has returned to the front.

HAITI WANTS WAR.

PORT AU PRINCE, May 5.

The President has sent a message to Parliament demanding war against Germany.

FOOD SHORTAGE IN GREECE.

ATHENS, May 5.

The bread famine is acute, owing to the German submarines sinking food ships.

THE BRITISH ADMIRALTY.

PRESS CRITICISMS.

LONDON, May 7.

The Admiralty reorganisation is made a topic in the Press. The Times says Admiral Jellicoe's position in the future should correspond with General Robertson's at the War Office; he should be the Chief, with an enlarged and reconstituted War Staff, including younger Fleet officers.

The Daily Mail demands a restriction of the powers of the civilian element at the Admiralty, otherwise the work of the new War Staff will be obstructed. The Daily Chronicle urges the closer co-ordination of the Admiralty with the Shipping Controller.

The Daily Telegraph and the Morning Post denounce the agitators who are exploiting the public anxiety regarding submarine to incite distrust of the Admiralty, which enjoys the full confidence of the Navy.

Mr. Winston Churchill, in a letter to the Times, compares the "paralysis of the Naval offensive due to the senseless outcry at the loss of a few obsolete ships" with the continuous aggressive action maintained during my regime at the Admiralty.

SERIOUS RIOTS IN GERMANY.

AMSTERDAM, May 5.

Persons returning from Germany report that recently there were serious riots at several places. Sixteen hundred people at Mainz pillaged the shops and smashed the windows. Troops fired on the crowd, killing five and arresting 500. The bomb factory workers at Mannheim struck work for several days until they were assured that the bread ration would be increased.

FOOD SITUATION SERIOUS IN BAVARIA.

ZURICH, May 5.

Speaking at Munich, the Bavarian Minister, Dr. Breiterich, admitted that the food situation is very serious. "The people must be prepared to live more on vegetables. The next few weeks will decide the fate of Germany."

DEMANDS OF GERMAN SOCIALISTS.

AMSTERDAM, May 5.

The Constitution Committee of the Reichstag at their first meeting considered the proposal of the Centre, National Liberals and Progressives demanding that the Chancellor be made responsible to the Reichstag for the violation of his duties; providing the Reichstag with the control of the Army and Navy; and demanding the Reichstag to sit permanently during the war; and the proposal of the Socialists demanding universal suffrage.

PATRIOTISM IN THE COLONIES.

INTERESTING SPEECH BY THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

LONDON, May 5.

Princess Alexander of Teck at the Colonial Office to-day presented Union Jacks and Shields, the gifts of the women and children of Great Britain, to each of the following regiments:—British West Indies Regiment, the King's African Rifles, West African Frontier Force, St. Helena Volunteers, and the Somali-Land Camel Corps.

The Rt. Hon. Walter Long, Secretary of State for the Colonies, said insufficient recognition "was sometimes given to the men fighting in the remotest parts under conditions, climatic and otherwise, making their campaigns in many respects more arduous and more terrible than in the battle-grounds closer to Home. All thanks were due for the gallant part they played."

Proceeding, Mr. Walter Long said: We must also think of those men in the overseas possessions who were not allowed to participate in the fighting. They cannot be allowed to go because they are needed by the Government of the Colony in which they live. They have begged and implored to be allowed to go; indeed in some cases disciplinary measures have had to be taken regarding the men who defied the authority of the Colonial Office in preferring one kind of national work to another. Of those men who are serving their country in many different capacities, I am confident you feel, as the Colonial Office feels, that it may be said with equal truth they are doing their duty equally with those who are in the fighting line.

He concluded by again emphasising that we are fighting for freedom and everything that makes life worth living.

The Flags and Shields were received by Mr. Walter Long, on behalf of the respective regiments.

AMERICAN ESPIONAGE BILL.

THE PRESS CENSORSHIP CLAUSE.

WASHINGTON, May 5.

The House of Representatives finally passed the Espionage Bill by 260 votes to 105.

The Bill included a modified censorship clause to the effect that the President may prohibit publication whenever the situation demands, but before the penalties become effective it will be necessary to show that publication is prohibited; and that the information would have been of value to the enemy.

CALLICURA.

THE NEW AND CERTAIN

CURE FOR CORNS.

WITHOUT PAIN OR INCONVENIENCE.

DIRECTIONS.

Apply over the Corn until a thick pellicle or skin is formed; and repeat the operation each morning after the bath. It is advisable before the first application, that the Corn be pared; or the foot bathed with soda and water.

Price 60 cents per bottle.

Queen's Dispensary
(HARPER & CO. LTD.)

TEL. 482.

31, Queen's Road Central.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE
FINGER RINGS
IN THE COLONY.

Diss Bros.
No. 1, WYNDHAM ST.
(Opposite Street)
ESTABLISHED 1880

OTHERS LOOK THE SAME

"MALTHOID"

IS THE SAME

EVERYDAY! EVERYWHERE!

A Mineral Roofing! Laid by our experts!
Guaranteed right!

Free particulars from

Agents: BRADLEY & Co. Ltd.
HONGKONG.

AUSTRALIAN ELECTIONS.

MR. HUGHES RETURNED.

MELBOURNE, May 5.

The earliest returns for the Federal Elections indicate that the Nationalists are winning several seats in the House of Representatives.

Mr. W. M. Hughes has won his seat at Bendigo.

BRAZILIAN FOREIGN MINISTER.

RIO DE JANEIRO, May 5.

Senor Milopecanha has been appointed Foreign Minister.

THE PRICE OF SILVER.

LONDON, May 5.

Silver is quoted at 38, quiet.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, May 5.

The Times announces the death from wounds of the Hon. Frederic Thesiger, heir to Lord Chelmsford.

(Continued on page 3.)

CAREERS FOR DAUGHTERS.

MR. FISHER'S TASK FOR UNIVERSITY WOMEN.

There must be a large increase of women teachers after the war, said Mr. Fisher, Minister for Education, to a gathering of women students at Oxford.

He had been struck by the keen interest taken in higher education by working women. When he left Sheffield a working woman, who had been a domestic servant sent him a beautifully written letter discussing, with the most finished discrimination, lectures which he had arranged in connection with the University.

After the war, parents of all classes would be more alive to the necessity of finding careers for their daughters, and a sufficient supply of educated, disciplined women would be required to train them.

The future prospects and economic position of women seemed to him to depend essentially on the willingness of the present generation of University women to devote themselves to training an adequate number of women to keep the opportunities that were bound to be offered.

THE PENINSULAR RAILWAY TO PENANG.

ARRIVED BACK IN BANGKOK AFTER HIS JOURNEY DOWN THE PENINSULA TO PENANG.

by rail, Mr. H. Gittins, controlling engineer of the Siam Southern railway, said that the trip had shown that the line runs very smoothly right through. That is good, bearing, says the Bangkok Times, for every body has remarked on the smoothness of the running between Bangkok and Hua Hin, and this will add much to the comfort of those who have to do the through journey in the future. In the trip back a speed of 70 kilometres an hour was reached in some places, and one run of 80 kilometres worked out at 87 kilometres an hour. The date of completion of the line is, of course, as uncertain as ever, owing to the difficulty in getting delivery of the bridging material. Questioned on the probable effect of the railway, Mr. Gittins said the country is being opened up but slowly. The contrast on the two sides of the border was mutually noticeable.

From Bukit Mertajam, where the line branches off, north to Alor Star, the land along the route is practically all taken up for planting purposes—mostly rubber, but also for tobacco and coconuts. North of Alor Star up to within ten or fifteen kilometres of the frontier the line is now being taken up very rapidly. It is not the same yet on this side, of course, but there is every hope that, with the same facilities there will be the same results.

THE PARIS FAIR.

The Paris Fair, which is being held from the 1st to 15th of May, promised to be a great success. The managing Committee was obliged to make out fresh orders for stalls or shops, the number of first provided being insufficient and there is no further room to be disposed of in the halls. A good artistic catalogue has been prepared for visitors. The fair is being held on the Esplanade des Invalides.

From every part of France, as well as from Allied and Neutral countries, business men have announced their intention to visit the Fair, which is of great interest, since it affords all commercial people every convenience for transacting their business. An agreement with the "Syndicate of Paris Hotel Proprietors" and others in the Seine Department enables the Committee to assure comfortable accommodations for visitors, so as to make their stay in the capital both useful and pleasant.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

COMPANY PARADES.

Tuesday, May 8th. No. 3 Company and Ambulance Platoon at Central, 5.45 p.m.
Wednesday, May 9th. No. 3 Section at Water Police Station, 5.45 p.m.
Thursday, May 10th. No. 1 Section and No. 2 Platoon at Central, 5.45 p.m. This parade is changed from Wednesday, May 9th.
POLICE SCHOOL.

Friday, May 11th. Examination of Quizzes L. X. and XI.
(Sgd.) F. C. JERVIS, D.S.P. (B.).

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARES OF THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., and THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUND at 31st DECEMBER, 1916, £28,770,387.
I—Authorized Capital £4,000,000.
Subscribed Capital £4,000,000.
Paid up Capital £2,487,500.
II—Fire Funds. 3,837,047.
III—Life & Annuity Funds. 17,567,590.
Sinking Fund Reserve. 123,230.
£28,770,387.
Revenue Fire Branch. £2,381,456.
Life and Annuity. 2,141,593.
Branches. 33.
Revenue Marine Department. 47,40.
O.K. Receipts. 42,539,236.

The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are not liable to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO. Agents.

TANG YUK DENTIST, successor to the late SIEN TING, 14, D'ARVILLE STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE. Consultation free.

LESSONS IN CHINESE.

MR. LI HUN FAN, a Chinese graduate versed in Mandarin, has been a teacher in European schools and universities in this Colony for ten years. He has a good method of training Europeans to speak in the Chinese language, and is possessed of a fluency in Chinese. He has also a good knowledge of the Chinese language. Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write to "China Mail" Office or to Mr. Li H. F. at 102, Wellington Street, Hong Kong.

FRENCH LESSONS.

G. MOUSSON, 15, Morrison Hill Road.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

HERAPION No. 1
HERAPION No. 2
HERAPION No. 3
HERAPION No. 4
HERAPION No. 5
HERAPION No. 6
HERAPION No. 7
HERAPION No. 8
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HERAPION No. 100

THE "CHINA MAIL" NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should be addressed to THE EDITOR.
Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.
All matter for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.
Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGER.
Rate of subscription to "China Mail" is 3 p.m. annum; per quarter and per month, 10 p.m. each.
"China Mail" is delivered free to subscribers in Hong Kong and Kowloon. Postage is charged at the rate of fifty cents per month.
Orders for extra copies of the "China Mail" should be sent as soon as possible as the supply is limited. Cash 10 cts., Credit 25 cts., per copy.
Rate of subscription to the "Overland China Mail" is \$12 per annum; postage \$1 per annum extra. Single copies twenty-five cents each.
Advertisements and additions to advertisements on Pages 3, 4, and 7 should be sent to the Office, No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 11.30 a.m.
Advertisements and additions to advertisements on Pages 1, 4, 5, and 8 should be sent not later than 1 p.m.
New advertisements should be sent in before 2 p.m.
Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.
Telegraphic Address: MAIL, HONGKONG. Cable: A.B.C. 5th Edition.
Telephone No. 22.

THE "CHINA MAIL" LIMITED.

FOR A LAME BACK.

WHEN you have pain or lameness in the back, the parts with the "China Mail" Pain Balm twice a day, or as often as the pain is severe, will bring relief. The balm is applied with the fingers, and it is on the spot of pain. For sale by all Chemists and Dispensaries.

\$450

OUR STANDARD 16 Feet Motor Boat

Fitted with 2 1/2 H.P. Caille Engine which runs on either Kerosene or Gasoline.
Please arrange for a trial run.

ALEX. ROSS & CO.,

Machinery Office.

PHONE 27.

TO LET.

ARDSHEAL No. 119 The Peak, newly done up.
Apply to CHATER & MODY, 5 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, May 5, 1917. 1771

TO LET.

ONE ROOM suitable for an OFFICE.
Apply to DENNIS & ROWLEY, Hong Kong, May 1, 1917. 1735

TO LET.

IMMEDIATE ENTRY, two very desirable SHOPS situated in Ice House Street, opposite the Grand Hotel. Recently reconstructed.
For rent and other particulars, Apply to THE MANAGER, Hong Kong Ice Co., Ltd., 46, Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong, April 25, 1917. 1578

TO LET.

OFFICES at 2 Connaught Road. HOUSES in King's and York Buildings, HOUSES in Clifton Gardens, Conduit Road.
HOUSES in Broadwood and Moreton Terraces.
HOUSES on Shamien, Canton.
Apply to THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., Ltd.

TO LET.

NEW HOUSE in Conduit Road. Ready for occupation.
Also 1 GODOWN in Duddell Street. For rent and other particulars apply to H. M. H. NEMAZEE, 1 Des Vaux Road, Hong Kong, March 15, 1917. 1377

TO LET.

FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES in Gordon Terrace and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon.
A FLAT in Humphreys Buildings, Kowloon.
TO LET OR FOR SALE.
Kowloon Marine Lot 48 with wharf area 55,000 sq. ft. suitable for coal storage or erection of godowns.
Apply to HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD., Alexandra Buildings, Hong Kong, Feb. 7, 1917.

HONGKONG TIDES.

The tide-table given below has been compiled at the National Almanac Office in London from the result of the analysis of observations taken by means of an automatic tide-recording machine in the Water Police Basin at Tsim Sha Tsui during the years 1915-16.
The zero of the table corresponds with the zero of the sounding in the Admiralty Chart, which has been found to be 4 feet 3 inches below mean sea level.
To obtain the depth of water on the tide gauge at the Victoria Naval Yard add 3 feet 4 inches, and on the gauge at Lamont Dock, Aberdeen, add 10 feet 4 inches to the height given in the table.

May 6th to 14th, 1917.			
HIGH WATER		LOW WATER	
Time	Height	Time	Height
Mon. 5.10	7.4	Mon. 11.25	2.4
Tue. 5.10	7.4	Tue. 11.25	2.4
Wed. 5.10	7.4	Wed. 11.25	2.4
Thu. 5.10	7.4	Thu. 11.25	2.4
Fri. 5.10	7.4	Fri. 11.25	2.4
Sat. 5.10	7.4	Sat. 11.25	2.4
Sun. 5.10	7.4	Sun. 11.25	2.4
Mon. 5.10	7.4	Mon. 11.25	2.4
Tue. 5.10	7.4	Tue. 11.25	2.4
Wed. 5.10	7.4	Wed. 11.25	2.4
Thu. 5.10	7.4	Thu. 11.25	2.4
Fri. 5.10	7.4	Fri. 11.25	2.4
Sat. 5.10	7.4	Sat. 11.25	2.4
Sun. 5.10	7.4	Sun. 11.25	2.4

Temperature.

Hong Kong, May 7, 1917.	
Barometer 9 A.M.	29.95
Do 1 P.M.	29.90
Do 4 P.M.	29.85
Thermometer 9 A.M.	70
Do 1 P.M.	72
Do 4 P.M.	72
Do (Wet bulb) 9 A.M.	66
Do (Wet bulb) 1 P.M.	67
Do (Wet bulb) 4 P.M.	67
Maximum	73
Minimum	65
Direction of Wind	SE
Force	4
Weather	c
Rain	0.03 0.00 0.00

Wettest open air temperature on the 7th 74. Lowest open air temperature on the 7th 65.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

Particulars of outgoing and incoming Mails will not be advertised in future. The Post Office will forward all correspondence posted by the fastest routes.

Correspondence addressed to enemy subjects in China, Siam, Liberia, Portuguese East Africa, Persia and Morocco cannot be transmitted.

The Services to Germany, Austria, Bulgaria, and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

LOCAL AND REGULAR MAILS.

OUTWARD.

For	Week-Days	Sundays & Holidays
Tai O	5.00 P.M.	—
Tai Po	10.00 A.M.	9.30 A.M.
Cheung Chow	2.00 P.M.	—
Shaukiok, Shau Tin and Sheungshui	4.00 P.M.	—
Aberdeen, Antau, Ping Shan, Sai Kung, San Tin, Stanley	4.30 P.M.	—

Canton, Sansui and Wuchow	7.30 A.M. 8.30 P.M. 10.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Macao	7.15 A.M. 8.30 P.M. 10.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Kowloon	8.00 P.M. Except Saturdays	5.00 P.M.
Nam Tan and Samel	5.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Shamshun	10.00 A.M. 4.00 P.M.	9.00 A.M.

FROM SHEUNGWAN WESTERN BRANCH P.O.

For	Week-Days	Sundays & Holidays
Macao	7.30 A.M. 8.30 P.M. 10.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Canton	7.40 A.M. 8.30 P.M. 10.00 P.M.	5.00 P.M.
Tai Ping	9.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M.	—
Shui Kiu	9.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M.	—
Kowloon	6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M.	—
Kau Kong	6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M.	—

EXCHANGE.

On London—
Bank Wire ... 2/4
On demand ... 2/4 1/2
30 days' sight ... 2/4 1/2
4 months' sight ... 2/4 1/2
Credit, 4 months' sight ... 2/4 1/2
Documentary, 4 months' sight 2/4 1/2
On Paris—
On demand ... 325
Credit, 4 months' sight ... 330
On New York—
On demand ... 57 1/2
Credit, 60 days' sight ... 57 1/2
On Bombay—
On demand ... 100
On Calcutta—
On demand ... 100
On Singapore—
On demand ... 102
On Manila—
On demand ... 114
On Shanghai—
On demand ... 100
On Yokohama—
On demand ... 111 1/2
Gold Leaf, 100 fine (per tael) ... 48.10
Silver (per oz.) ... 38.0
Bar Silver in Hong Kong ... 17 1/2 nom.
Chinese Copper Cash ... 1 1/2 p.m.
Rate of Native Interest ... 2 p.m.
Chinese Sub. Coin ... 5 1/2 dis.
Hong Kong Sub. Coin ... per.

HONGKONG REGISTER.

Previous day	On date at 2 p.m.	On date at 5 a.m.	On date at 8 p.m.
29.95	29.92	29.94	29.95
72	72	72	72
73	73	73	73
0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03

HONGKONG REGISTER.

Previous day	On date at 2 p.m.	On date at 5 a.m.	On date at 8 p.m.
29.95	29.92	29.94	29.95
72	72	72	72
73	73	73	73
0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03

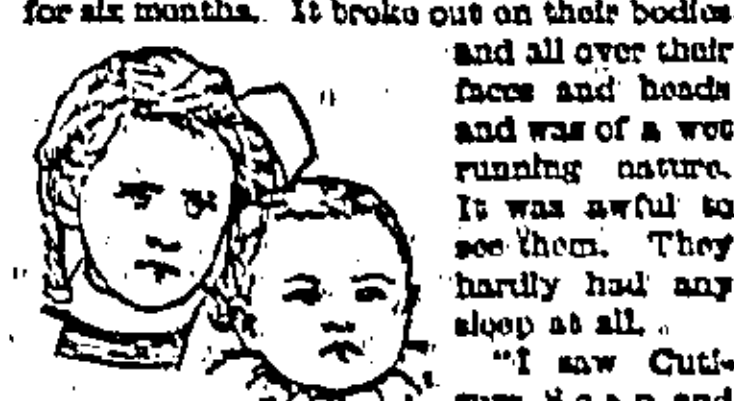
HONGKONG REGISTER.

Previous day	On date at 2 p.m.	On date at 5 a.m.	On date at 8 p.m.
29.95	29.92	29.94	29.95
72	72	72	72
73	73	73	73
0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03

Wettest open air temperature on the 7th 74. Lowest open air temperature on the 7th 65.

ITCHING ECZEMA ON CHILDREN

Six Months Awful to See. Hardly Had Any Sleep at All. Soothed and Healed by Cuticura.



My two children suffered with eczema for six months. It broke out on their bodies and all over their faces and heads and was of a very running nature. It was awful to see them. They hardly had any sleep at all. I saw Cuticura Soap and Ointment advertised and I sent for a free sample. I could see that it was doing them good so I purchased more. I am pleased to say they are now completely healed. (Signed) Mrs. A. Ward, 40, Castle St., Barnsey, Yorks. Eng. July 20, 1914.

Sample Each Free by Post. With 2-p. Skin Book. (Send no stamp and Ointment to boot.) Address post-card for samples: F. Newbery & Sons, 77, Charterhouse Sq., London. Sold everywhere.

FARES FOR PUBLIC VEHICLES.

CHAIRS.

I.—In Victoria with two Bearers.
Quarter hour, ... 50 cents.
Half hour, ... 75 cents.
One hour, ... 1.00.
Three hours, ... 3.00.
Six hours, ... 5.00.
Day (6 a.m. to 6 p.m.), ... \$1.00.
If the trip is extended beyond Victoria, half fare extra.

Between the hours of 8.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. the above fares shall be increased by 50 per centum.

II.—Beyond Victoria, with four Bearers.

Hour, ... 0.60 cents.
Three hours, ... 1.80.
Six hours, ... 3.00.
Day (6 a.m. to 6 p.m.), ... 2.00.

III.—In the Hill District.

With 2 Bearers With 4 Bearers.
Quarter hour, ... \$0.15.
Half hour, ... 0.20.
One hour, ... 0.30.
Two hours, ... 0.50.
Three hours, ... 0.70.
Six hours, ... 1.00.
Day (6 a.m. to 6 p.m.), ... 2.00.

RICKSHAS.

I.—In the Island of Hong Kong if engaged in Victoria.
Ten minutes, ... 5 cents.
Quarter hour, ... 10.
Half hour, ... 15.
One hour, ... 20.
Every subsequent hour, ... 25.

Note.—If the ricksha be engaged within the City of Victoria, and be discharged outside the Western part of the City of Victoria after 9 p.m., or be discharged to the East of Bay View Police Station on the Eastern side of the City of Victoria after 9 p.m., an extra half fare shall be chargeable.

II.—In Kowloon.

Quarter hour, ... 5 cents.
Half hour, ... 10.
One hour, ... 15.
Every subsequent hour, ... 10.

III.—Taipei Road.

Twenty cents shall be added for each extra hour or part of an hour if the hire causes the journey to take longer than—
To 4th mile—
single ... 75 cents ... 1 hour.
return ... \$1.00 ... 2 hours.
Beyond 4th to 6th mile—
single ... \$1.20 ... 2 hours.
return ... \$1.50 ... 4 hours.
Beyond 6th to 8th mile—
single ... \$1.75 ... 2 1/2 hours.
return ... \$2.00 ... 5 hours.
Beyond 8th to 11th mile—
single ... \$2.00 ... 3 hours.
return ... \$2.50 ... 6 hours.

Fares for journeys beyond the 11th mile to be made at previous arrangement in each case.
The fares here set out to apply to one ricksha with three coolies from Tsim Sha Tsui.

FARES FOR PUBLIC CARRIAGES.

I. Not exceeding per passenger.

From Slaughter House to Sailors' Home	04 cents.
From Sailors' Home to Government Civil Hospital	04
From Government Civil Hospital to Clock Tower	04
From Clock Tower to Race Course	10
From Clock Tower to Bay View House	12
From Wanchai Market to Bay View House	08
From Bay View House to Quarry Bay	08

II.—In the City of Victoria.

Not exceeding per passenger.
Quarter hour, ... 10 cents.
Half hour, ... 15.
One hour, ... 20.
Two hours, ... 30.
Three, ... 40.
Four, ... 50.
Five, ... 60.
Six, ... 70.
One day from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. \$1.25.

III.—Beyond Victoria.

Not exceeding per passenger.
One hour, ... 25 cents.
Two hours, ... 40.
Three, ... 50.
Four, ... 60.
Five, ... 70.
Six, ... 80.
One day from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. \$1.50.

If a vehicle is discharged beyond the limits of the City of Victoria half fare

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 7th at 11.45.—No returns from Japanese stations. Pressure has decreased moderately to slightly from Weihaiwei to Shanghai. It is nearly stationary at other reporting stations.

The anticyclone has weakened. It is now central to the south of the lower Yangtze Valley. A depression is shown over S.W. Manchuria.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 9.28 inches, against an average of 13.38 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on the 8th May—
1.—Hongkong to Gap Rock: E. or variable winds, moderate to light; fine.
2.—Formosa Channel: The same as No. 1.
3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamooks: The same as No. 1.
4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: The same as No. 1.

OFFICIAL NIGHTS IN MAY.

The following table shows the Standard Time at which Official Night ends and begins during the month of May, 1917.

Date	Ends	Begins
May 7th	3.38 a.m.	7.43 p.m.
" 8th	3.38	7.43
" 9th	3.38	7.43
" 10th	3.38	7.43
" 11th	3.38	7.43
" 12th	3.38	7.43
" 13th	3.38	7.43
" 14th	3.38	7.43
" 15th	3.38	7.43
" 16th	3.38	7.43
" 17th	3.38	7.43
" 18th	3.38	7.43
" 19th	3.38	7.43
" 20th	3.38	7.43
" 21st	3.38	7.43
" 22nd	3.38	7.43
" 23rd	3.38	7.43
" 24th	3.38	7.43
" 25th	3.38	7.43
" 26th	3.38	7.43
" 27th	3.38	7.43
" 28th	3.38	7.43
" 29th	3.38	7.43
" 30th	3.38	7.43
" 31st	3.38	7.43

ROYAL OBSERVATORY.

HONGKONG DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

MAY 7, 1917.—a.m.

Station	Hour	Barometer at Sea Level	Temperature	Humidity	Direction	Force	Weather
Wlstock	6 a.						
Memuro	5 a.						
Hokodate							
Tokio							
Koshi							
Nagasaki							
Kagoshima							
Oshima							
Naha							
Ishijima							
Donian Island							
Yedoo	5 a.						
Wachoo		29.60	54	68	SW	6	c
Hankow							
Ichang							
Kiukiang							
Changsha							
Shanghai		29.86	52	90	NNE	2	b
Shanghai		29.66	56	78	S	4	b
Shanghai		29.65	55	81	S	4	b
Amoy		29.59	54	68	N	6	c
Swatow							
Taihook	5 a.	29.95	50	97		0	b
Taichu		29.93	55			0	b
Tainan		29.89	59		NE	2	b
Koolun		29.85	70		N	4	b
Canton		29.75	54		N	4	b
Canton		29.73	69	100		0	c
Hongkong		29.92	67	73	ENE	2	c
Gap Rock		29.91			S	4	c
Macao		29.88	64	84	NE	2	c
Wuchow	5 a.						
Fatoh							
Phu Lien	7 a.	29.91	64	76	SW	2	c
Tourane		29.79	66		SW	6	c
S. St. James							
Apurri	6 a.	29.81	75	96		0	c
Dagupan		29.77	77	91	SE	1	c
Manila		29.76	77	92		0	c
Hampoi		29.75	77	93		0	c
Yacloban		29.73	77	94		0	c
Hollo		29.72	75	88	SW	2	c
Burgao		29.76	75	96		0	c
Labuan		29.77	77	94	SW	2	c